WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A compound of the formula:

$$R^{1}$$
 X^{1}
 X^{1

- 5 wherein:
 - R¹ and R² are independently optionally substituted alkyl, optionally substituted alkenyl, optionally substituted alkynyl, optionally substituted cycloalkyl, optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted heterocycle, or optionally substituted heteroaryl;
- 10 X¹ is a covalent bond, or -(CR¹⁵R¹⁶)_p-, in which R¹⁵ and R¹⁶ are independently hydrogen, hydroxy, lower alkyl, or -C(O)OR¹⁷, in which R¹⁷ is hydrogen, lower alkyl, or optionally substituted phenyl, and p is 1, 2 or 3;

with the proviso that when p is 1, R¹⁵ and R¹⁶ cannot be hydroxy;

R²¹ is hydrogen or lower alkyl;

15 T is oxygen or sulfur;

Y and Z are -(CR¹⁸R¹⁹)_q- and q at each occurrence is 1, 2 or 3, in which R¹⁸ and R¹⁹ at each occurrence is hydrogen or lower alkyl.

A is $-(CR^9R^{10})_{m}$; in which m is 1 or 2; and

R³, R⁴, R⁵, R⁶, R⁷, R⁸, R⁹, and R¹⁰ at each occurrence are hydrogen, lower alkyl, or -C(O)R; in which R is -OR¹¹ or -NR¹¹R¹², where R¹¹ and R¹² are hydrogen or lower alkyl; or

R³ and R⁴, R⁵ and R⁶, R⁷ and R⁸, R⁹ and R¹⁰, when taken together with the carbon to which they are attached, represent carbonyl; or

R³ and R⁷, or R³ and R⁹, or R⁵ and R⁷, or R⁵ and R⁹, when taken together form a bridging group -(CR¹³R¹⁴)_n-, in which n is 1, 2 or 3, and R¹³ and R¹⁴ are independently

hydrogen or lower alkyl; with the proviso that the maximum number of carbonyl groups is 1; the maximum number of -C(O)R groups is 1; and the maximum number of bridging groups is 1;

- Q is oxygen, sulfur, or -NR²⁰-, in which R²⁰ is hydrogen or optionally substituted lower alkyl;
- X^2 is a covalent bond or - $(CR^{18}R^{19})_q$ wherein q at each occurrence is 1, 2 or 3, and R^{18} and R^{19} at each occurrence is hydrogen or lower alkyl; and with the proviso that when X^1 is a covalent bond and Y is - $(CR^{18}R^{19})_q$ in which q is 1 and R^{18} and R^{19} are hydrogen, then R^1 is not optionally substituted phenyl.

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- 2. The compound of claim 1, wherein A is methylene.
- 3. The compound of claim 2, wherein R³, R⁴, R⁶, R⁷, R⁸, R⁹, and R¹⁰ at each occurrence are hydrogen and R⁵ is hydrogen or methyl.

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- 4. The compound of claim 3, wherein Q and T are both oxygen and X^2 is a covalent bond.
- 5. The compound of claim 4, wherein R²¹ is hydrogen, Y is methylene or ethylene, and Z is methylene.
 - 6. The compound of claim 5, wherein R^1 is optionally substituted aryl or optionally substituted heteroaryl and R^2 is optionally substituted heteroaryl.
- 7. The compound of claim 6, wherein R¹ is optionally substituted aryl and R² is optionally substituted benzothiazolyl or optionally substituted benzoxazolyl.
 - 8. The compound of claim 7, wherein R^1 is indan-4-yl, R^2 is 2-methylbenzothiazol-5-yl, R^5 is hydrogen, and X^1 is a covalent bond, namely 2-{4-[(2R)-2-hydroxy-3-(2-methylbenzothiazol-5-yloxy)propyl]piperazinyl}-N-indan-4-ylacetamide.

- 9. The compound of claim 7, wherein R^1 is (1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphth-1-yl, R^2 is 2-methylbenzothiazol-5-yl, R^5 is hydrogen, and X^1 is a covalent bond, namely 2- $\{4-[(2R)-2-hydroxy-3-(2-methylbenzothiazol-5-yloxy)propyl]$ piperazinyl $\}$ -N-((1S)(1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthyl))acetamide.
- 10. The compound of claim 7, wherein R^1 is naphth-2-yl, R^2 is 2-methylbenzothiazol-5-yl, R^5 is hydrogen, and X^1 is -CH(CH₃)-, namely 2-{4-[(2R)-2-hydroxy-3-(2-

methylbenzothiazol-5-yloxy)propyl]piperazinyl}-N-((1S)-1-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)acetamide.

- 11. The compound of claim 7, wherein R¹ is phenyl, R² is 2-methylbenzothiazol-5-yl, R⁵ is hydrogen, and X¹ is -CH(CH₃)-, namely 2-{4-[(2R)-2-hydroxy-3-(2-methylbenzothiazol-5-yloxy)propyl]piperazinyl}-N-((1S)-1-phenylethyl)acetamide.
- 12. The compound of claim 6, wherein R¹ is optionally substituted heteroaryl and R² is optionally substituted benzoxiazolyl.
 - 13. The compound of claim 12, wherein R^1 is 4-(4-chlorophenyl)thiazol-2-yl, R^2 is 2-methylbenzothiazol-5-yl, R^5 is hydrogen, and X^1 is a covalent bond, namely 2-{4-[(2R)-2-hydroxy-3-(2-methylbenzothiazol-5-yloxy)propyl]piperazinyl}-N-[4-(4-chlorophenyl)(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)]acetamide.
 - 14. The compound of claim 12, wherein R^1 is 4-(4-chlorophenyl)thiazol-2-yl, R^2 is 2-methylbenzothiazol-5-yl, R^5 is methyl, and X^1 is a covalent bond, namely 2-{4-[(2R)-2-hydroxy-3-(2-methylbenzothiazol-5-yloxy)propyl]-3-methylpiperazinyl}-N-[4-(4-chlorophenyl)(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)]acetamide.
 - 15. The compound of claim 12, wherein R^1 is 9-ethylcarbazol-3-yl, R^2 is 2-methylbenzothiazol-5-yl, R^5 is hydrogen, and X^1 is a covalent bond, namely 2-{4-[(2R)-2-hydroxy-3-(2-methylbenzothiazol-5-yloxy)propyl]piperazinyl}-N-(9-ethylcarbazol-3-yl)acetamide.

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- 16. The compound of claim 12, wherein R^1 is 6-quinolyl, R^2 is 2-phenylbenzoxazol-5-yl, R^5 is hydrogen, and X^1 is a covalent bond, namely 2-{4-[(2R)-2-hydroxy-3-(2-phenylbenzoxazol-5-yloxy)propyl]piperazinyl}-N-(6-quinolyl)acetamide.
- 5 17. The compound of claim 12, wherein R¹ is 8-quinolyl, R² is 2-methylbenzothiazol-5-yl, R⁵ is hydrogen, and X¹ is a covalent bond, namely 2-{4-[(2R)-2-hydroxy-3-(2-methylbenzothiazol-5-yloxy)propyl]piperazinyl}-N-(8-quinolyl)acetamide.
- 18. A method of treating a disease state chosen from diabetes, damage to skeletal muscles resulting from trauma or shock and a cardiovascular disease in a mammal by administration of a therapeutically effective dose of a compound of claim 1.
 - 19. The method of claim 18, wherein the cardiovascular disease is atrial arrhythmia, intermittent claudication, ventricular arrhythmia, Prinzmetal's (variant) angina, stable angina, unstable angina, congestive heart disease, or myocardial infarction.
 - 20. The method of claim 18, wherein the disease state is diabetes.
- 21. A pharmaceutical composition comprising at least one pharmaceutically
 20 acceptable excipient and a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula I.

25